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APPLICATION NO. FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. FILING DATE 4379 245838US3 10/720,126 11/25/2003 Hiroyuki Maejima **EXAMINER** 22850 01/09/2006 OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. KWON, JOHN 1940 DUKE STREET ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314

3747

DATE MAILED: 01/09/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		<u> </u>
Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/720,126	MAEJIMA, HIROYUKI
	Examiner	Art Unit
	John T. Kwon	3747
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 C This action is FINAL. Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under the condition of the con	s action is non-final. Ince except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration. or election requirement.	
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. 		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kashima (US 6 471 559) in view of Katayama (US 64 81 411) as applied to claims 1-9 above, and further in view of Watanabe (US 6 446 594). Kashima discloses an outboard motor (10) comprising: an outer cover; an engine disposed inside the outer cover and comprising a crankcase, a cylinder block and a cylinder head, an intake provided for the engine and including a throttle body disposed in a vicinity of the crankcase, and an intake manifold (82) disposed on a side of the engine so as to extend from the throttle body, said intake manifold having a plurality of intake pipes (74) extending towards intake ports formed in the cylinder head to be connected thereto; and a fuel injector unit (94) disposed in substantially an intermediate portion of the intake manifold (col. 6, lines 5-15). The fuel injector unit is placed in a space between a sidewall of the engine and the intake manifold. However, Kashima does not show the provision of an intake duct located adjacent to a downstream side of the fuel injector, a surge tank, nor a vapor separator. Kashima shows that the provision of a surge tank means (100a) located disposed on a downstream side of the throttle body is old and well known in the art. Since the prior art references art from the same field of endeavor, the purpose disclosed by Katayama would have

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been recognized in the pertinent art of Kashima. Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to provide the device of Kashima with the surge tank means located disposed on a downstream side of the throttle as taught by Katayama. Kashima as modified shows the outboard motor with the surge tank disposed downstream of the throttle body as explained above, but does not show the use of a vapor separator adjacent to a fuel injector. Watanabe shows that the provision of a vapor separator is old and well known in the art. Since the prior art references art from the same field of endeavor, the purpose disclosed by Watanabe would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Katayama. Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to provide the device of Katayama with the vapor separator as taught by Watanabe. Regarding the claimed particular location for the vapor separator and intake duct, it would have been considered to be an obvious choice of mechanical design because one skilled in this art is familiar with basic fluid mechanic and normally has the laboratory test facilities. To optimize or select the suitable locations for the separator/intake duct would be within the ability of ordinary skilled in this art.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed October 24, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The specific location for the intake duct would be within the ability of one of ordinary skilled in the art unless the applicant provides unexpected results therefrom.

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Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John T. Kwon whose telephone number is (571) 272-4846. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Henry Yuen can be reached on (571) 272-4856. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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John T. Kwon
Primary Examiner

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December 23, 2005